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                              UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
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                            NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
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                                  SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION
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    BYUNG HOON CHUNG, individually;
                                                   No. C 07-5554 SC
    DUK BONG CHUNG, individually;
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    MYUNG BIN CHUNG, individually:
    KUO CHUL CHUNG, individually; on behalf
    of themselves and all others similarly situated,
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                       Plaintiffs,
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                                                   JOINT CASE MANAGEMENT
                                                   STATEMENT; AND [PROPOSED]
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                                                   ORDER
    MICHAEL MUKASEY, Attorney General
                                                   Date: April 4, 2008
    of the United States; DEPARTMENT OF
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                                                   Time: 10:00 a.m.
    HOMELAND SECURITY; MICHAEL
   CHERTOFF, Secretary of DHS;
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    and DOES 1 through 20, inclusive
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                       Defendants.
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    1. Jurisdiction and Service
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       The plaintiffs contend that this Court has jurisdiction over their action under 28 U.S.C. § 1331
    (Federal Question), 28 U.S.C. § 1361 (the Mandamus Statute), 8 U.S.C. § 1101 (the Immigration
    and Nationality Act), 28 U.S.C. § 2201 (the Declaratory Judgment Act), and 5 U.S.C. § 701 (the
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   APA).
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       The defendants contend that this Court lacks jurisdiction over the action pursuant to the REAL
    ID Act of 2005, Pub. L. 109-13, Div. B., 110 Stat. 231 (May 11, 2005), which eliminated district
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   court review of removal orders.
    JOINT CASE MANAGEMENT STATEMENT
    C 07-5554-SC
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The parties do not dispute that venue is proper in this district. No issues exist regarding

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personal jurisdiction or venue, and no parties remain to be served.

2. Facts

The plaintiffs, Byung Hoon Chung, Duk Bong Chung, Myung Bin Chung, and Kuo Chul Chung, are natives and citizens of South Korea who have been ordered removed from the United States. Their appeal from the Board of Immigration Appeals' decision affirming the Immigration Judge's removal order is currently pending at the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit. See Chung v. Mukasey, 9th Circuit Appeal No. 06-71728.

The Chungs filed the current action on October 31, 2007, seeking a declaration from this Court that their removal order is invalid and an injunction barring the government from executing their removal order. The Chungs' removal order is based on the fact that the Chungs obtained their alien registration cards ("green cards") through Leland Sustaire, a former employee of the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS), who was using his government position to sell fraudulent green cards. The Chungs deny any knowledge of the fraud that was committed by Sustaire.

3. Legal Issues

Plaintiffs' View of the Legal Issues:

Whether their removal order is invalid and they are entitled to an injunction barring the government from executing their removal order on estoppel grounds.

Whether their removal order is invalid and they are entitled to an injunction barring the government from executing their removal order under the doctrine of unclean hands.

Whether their removal order is invalid and they are entitled to an injunction barring the government from executing their removal order under the doctrine of laches.

Whether their removal order is invalid and they are entitled to an injunction barring the government from executing their removal order on due process grounds.

Defendants' View of the Legal Issues:

Whether the Chungs' action is barred by the REAL ID Act of 2005.

Whether arguments raised by the Chungs have already been rejected by the Ninth Circuit.

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JOINT CASE MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

Whether, because the Ninth Circuit is reviewing the Chungs' claims, the Chungs' action needlessly creates duplicate litigation.

4. Motions

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The government has filed a motion to dismiss the Chungs' action pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(b)(1) and 12(b)(6). The hearing on this motion is scheduled for May 23, 2008.

5. Amendment of Pleadings

The parties do not anticipate the need to amend their pleadings.

6. Evidence Preservation

The parties do not have any evidence that falls within this category.

7. Disclosures

The parties believe that the initial disclosure requirements of Fed. R. Civ. P. 26 do not apply to this case.

8. Discovery

The plaintiff believes that "some pre-certification discovery is anticipated."

The defendants do not anticipate the need for discovery.

9. Class Actions

The plaintiffs seek to bring this action on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a) and 23(b). The three classes that the plaintiffs contend they represent are: (1) Primary LPR, (2) Derivative Spouse LPR, and (3) Derivative Children LPR. The complaint defines these classes as follows:

Primary LPR Foreign nationals who: Are the individual or primary LPR that filed the primary visa application and received an issued visa or green card accomplishing his or her LPR status.

Derivative Spouse LPR Foreign nationals who: Are the spouse of a Primary LPR, and have become the derivative LPR individual that filed the derivative LPR application reliant upon the spouse who is in possession of the Primary LPR visa status and received an issued visa accomplishing his or her derivative LPR status.

Derivative Children LPR Foreign nationals who: Is the child of a Primary LPR, and has become the derivative LPR individual that filed the derivative LPR application reliant upon the JOINT CASE MANAGEMENT STATEMENT 3

parent who holds the Primary LPR visa status and who received an issued visa accomplishing his 1 2 or her derivative LPR status. 3 The defendants will oppose class certification. 10. Related Cases 4 5 There are numerous cases at the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit that raise or raised the issues involved in this case, including: Shin v. Mukasey, F.3d , 2008 WL 564982 (9th Cir. Mar. 4, 2008) 7 Hong v. Mukasey, ___ F.3d ___, 2008 WL 564978 (9th Cir. Mar. 4, 2008) 8 You v. Mukasey, F.3d , Appeal No. 06-74741, unpublished memorandum disposition (Dec. **10** 13, 2007) Park v. Gonzales, Ninth Circuit Appeal No. 06-71951 11 Chee v. Gonzales, Ninth Circuit Appeal No. 06-71952 **12** 11. Relief 13 14 The plaintiffs seek a declaration that their removal order is invalid and an injunction barring 15 the government from executing their removal order 12. Settlement and ADR 16 17 The parties will ask this Court to exempt them from the ADR process. 18 13. Consent to Magistrate Judge for All Purposes 19 One or more of the parties will not consent to the assignment of this case to a magistrate judge. 20 14. Other References: 21 The parties do not believe that this case is suitable for reference to binding arbitration, a special master, or the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation. 22 23 15. Narrowing of Issues 24 The parties do not believe that the issues can be narrowed by agreement or by motion, and do not have suggestions to expedite the presentation of evidence at trial (e.g., through summaries or 25 26 stipulated facts), and any request to bifurcate issues, claims or defenses. 27 16. Expedited Schedule 28 The parties believe this case can be resolved on motion(s).

JOINT CASE MANAGEMENT STATEMENT C 07-5554-SC 4

17. Scheduling

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If the Court does not grant the government's motion to dismiss, the parties believe this case can be resolved on cross-motions for summary judgment because the issues involved in this case are legal issues.

18. Trial

The parties do not anticipate the need for a trial in this case.

19. Disclosure of Non-Party Interested Entities or Persons:

The defendants believe they are exempt from this requirement because they are federal governmental entities or federal officers. Plaintiff is not aware of any.

20. Such other matters as may facilitate the just, speedy and inexpensive disposition of this matter

None.

Dated: March 28, 2008

Dated: March 28, 2008

JOSEPH P. RUSSONIELLO United States Attorney

Assistant United States Attorney

/s/ EDWARD A. OLSEN

/_S/ ALEX C. PARK

Attorney for Plaintiffs

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Date:

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ORDER

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The Case Management Statement and Proposed Order are hereby adopted as the Case Management Order for the case and the parties are hereby ordered to comply with this order.

SAMUEL CONTI

United States District Judge

JOINT CASE MANAGEMENT STATEMENT C 07-5554-SC